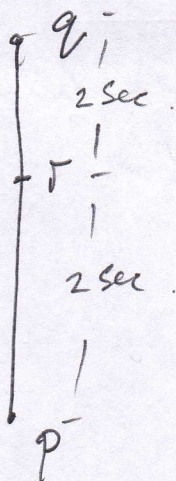


2009 Q1.

(a)



From q → Γ:

$$u = 0$$

$$v = v$$

$$t = 2 \text{ sec.}$$

$$a = g$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$v = 0 + 2g$$

$$v = 2g \quad \text{eqn (1)}$$

From p → Γ:

$$u = u$$

$$v = v$$

$$t = 2 \text{ sec.}$$

$$a = -g$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$v = u - 2g \quad \text{eqn (2)}$$

$$v = 2g \quad \text{eqn (1)}$$

$$v = u - 2g \quad \text{eqn (2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{2v = u} *$$

From q → Γ

$$u = 0$$

$$v = v$$

$$a = g$$

$$s = |q\Gamma|$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$v^2 = 0^2 + 2g|q\Gamma|$$

$$v^2 = 2g|q\Gamma| \quad \text{eqn (3)}$$

From p → Γ

$$u = u$$

$$v = v$$

$$s = |p\Gamma|$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 = u^2 - 2g|p\Gamma|$$

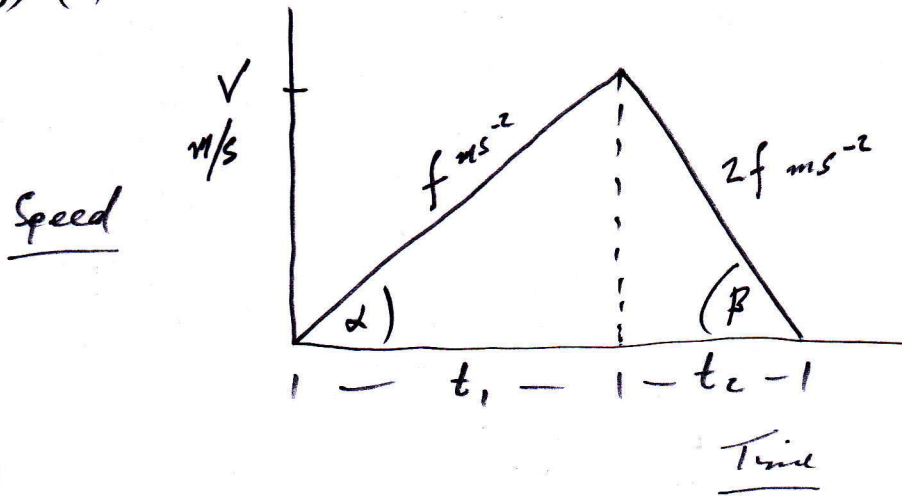
$$a = -g$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 = 4v^2 - 2g|p\Gamma| \quad \text{From * above}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3v^2 = 2g|p\Gamma| \quad \text{eqn (4)}$$

$$3 \cdot \text{eqn (3)} \Rightarrow 6g|q\Gamma| = 2g|p\Gamma| \Rightarrow 3|q\Gamma| = |p\Gamma|$$

(b) (i)



Total distance
= d m

(ii)

The slope of each line = acceleration = Tan angles.

$$\Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \text{Slope} = f = \frac{v}{t_1} \Rightarrow t_1 = \frac{v}{f}$$

$$\text{Also } \tan \beta = \text{slope} = 2f = \frac{v}{t_2} \Rightarrow t_2 = \frac{v}{2f}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 + t_2 = \frac{v}{f} + \frac{v}{2f} = \frac{3v}{2f} = \text{Overall time} *$$

We now need overall distance:

$$d = \frac{1}{2} t_1 v + \frac{1}{2} t_2 v = \frac{1}{2} (t_1 + t_2) v$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2d}{v} = t_1 + t_2 *$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3v}{2f} = \frac{2d}{v} \Rightarrow 3v^2 = 4fd$$

$$\text{Avg speed} = \frac{\text{Total dist.}}{\text{Total time}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{d}{3}} = \frac{d}{t_1 + t_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{d}{3}} = \frac{d}{\frac{3v}{2f}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{d}{3}} = \frac{2fd}{3v} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{3} = \frac{4f^2 d^2}{9v^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 12f^2 d^2 = 9d v^2 \Rightarrow 4f^2 d = 3v^2 \Rightarrow 4f^2 d = 4fd$$

$$\Rightarrow f = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$